



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, ST. PAUL DISTRICT
332 MINNESOTA STREET, SUITE E1500
ST. PAUL, MN 55101-1323

MVP

20 January 2026

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: US Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Approved Jurisdictional Determination in accordance with the “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’”; (88 FR 3004 (January 18, 2023) as amended by the “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’; Conforming” (8 September 2023) ,¹ [MVP-2025-01030-PJH MFR 1 of 1](#).

BACKGROUND. An Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD) is a Corps document stating the presence or absence of waters of the United States on a parcel or a written statement and map identifying the limits of waters of the United States on a parcel. AJDs are clearly designated appealable actions and will include a basis of JD with the document.² AJDs are case-specific and are typically made in response to a request. AJDs are valid for a period of five years unless new information warrants revision of the determination before the expiration date or a District Engineer has identified, after public notice and comment, that specific geographic areas with rapidly changing environmental conditions merit re-verification on a more frequent basis.³

On January 18, 2023, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of the Army (“the agencies”) published the “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States,’” 88 FR 3004 (January 18, 2023) (“2023 Rule”). On September 8, 2023, the agencies published the “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’; Conforming”, which amended the 2023 Rule to conform to the 2023 Supreme Court decision in *Sackett v. EPA*, 598 U.S., 143 S. Ct. 1322 (2023) (“*Sackett*”).

This Memorandum for Record (MFR) constitutes the basis of jurisdiction for a Corps AJD as defined in 33 CFR §331.2. For the purposes of this AJD, we have relied on Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (RHA),⁴ the 2023 Rule as amended, as well as other applicable guidance, relevant case law, and longstanding practice in evaluating jurisdiction.

1. SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS.

¹ While the Revised Definition of “Waters of the United States”; Conforming had no effect on some categories of waters covered under the CWA, and no effect on any waters covered under RHA, all categories are included in this Memorandum for Record for efficiency.

² 33 CFR 331.2.

³ Regulatory Guidance Letter 05-02.

⁴ USACE has authority under both Section 9 and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 but for convenience, in this MFR, jurisdiction under RHA will be referred to as Section 10.

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- a. Provide a list of each individual feature within the review area and the jurisdictional status of each one (i.e., identify whether each feature is/is not a water of the United States and/or a navigable water of the United States).
 - i. [Wetland A is an approximately 0.11-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - ii. [Wetland K is an approximately 0.18-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - iii. [Wetland D is an approximately 0.09-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - iv. [Wetland I is an approximately 0.30-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - v. [Wetland E is an approximately 0.04-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - vi. [Wetland H is an approximately 0.03-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - vii. [Wetland R is an approximately 0.08-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - viii. [Wetland L is an approximately 0.50-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - ix. [Wetland Q is an approximately 0.10-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - x. [Wetland M is an approximately 0.03-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)
 - xi. [Wetland P is an approximately 0.02-acre depressional basin that is non-jurisdictional.](#)

2. REFERENCES.

- a. "Revised Definition of 'Waters of the United States,'" 88 FR 3004 (January 18, 2023) ("2023 Rule")

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- b. “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’; Conforming” 88 FR 61964 (September 8, 2023)
- c. *Sackett v. EPA*, 598 U.S. 651, 143 S. Ct. 1322 (2023)

3. REVIEW AREA.

The subject aquatic resources are located within multiple review areas and are identified by the pink polygons and associated labels seen on the figures labeled MVP-2025-01030-PJH AJD Pages 3 through 6. The review areas are located in Lake Shore, Cass County, Minnesota. Coordinates range from 46.448791°, -94.392069° (Wetland A) to 46.491492°, -94.372478° (Wetland P). The review areas are located in in Section 1, Township 134 North, Range 30 West and Section 17, Township 135 North, Range 29 West. No previous jurisdictional determinations have been completed within the review areas.

4. NEAREST TRADITIONAL NAVIGABLE WATER (TNW), THE TERRITORIAL SEAS, OR INTERSTATE WATER TO WHICH THE AQUATIC RESOURCE IS CONNECTED.

N/A

5. FLOWPATH FROM THE SUBJECT AQUATIC RESOURCES TO A TNW, THE TERRITORIAL SEAS, OR INTERSTATE WATER.

N/A

6. SECTION 10 JURISDICTIONAL WATERS⁵: Describe aquatic resources or other features within the review area determined to be jurisdictional in accordance with Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. Include the size of each aquatic resource or other feature within the review area and how it was determined to be jurisdictional in accordance with Section 10.⁶

N/A

⁵ 33 CFR 329.9(a) A waterbody which was navigable in its natural or improved state, or which was susceptible of reasonable improvement (as discussed in § 329.8(b) of this part) retains its character as “navigable in law” even though it is not presently used for commerce, or is presently incapable of such use because of changed conditions or the presence of obstructions.

⁶ This MFR is not to be used to make a report of findings to support a determination that the water is a navigable water of the United States. The district must follow the procedures outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a determination that water is a navigable water of the United States subject to Section 10 of the RHA.

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7. SECTION 404 JURISDICTIONAL WATERS: Describe the aquatic resources within the review area that were found to meet the definition of waters of the United States in accordance with the 2023 Rule as amended, consistent with the Supreme Court's decision in *Sackett*. List each aquatic resource separately, by name, consistent with the naming convention used in section 1, above. Include a rationale for each aquatic resource, supporting that the aquatic resource meets the relevant category of "waters of the United States" in the 2023 Rule as amended. The rationale should also include a written description of, or reference to a map in the administrative record that shows, the lateral limits of jurisdiction for each aquatic resource, including how that limit was determined, and incorporate relevant references used. Include the size of each aquatic resource in acres or linear feet and attach and reference related figures as needed.

a. Traditional Navigable Waters (TNWs) (a)(1)(i): [N/A](#)

b. The Territorial Seas (a)(1)(ii): [N/A](#)

c. Interstate Waters (a)(1)(iii): [N/A](#)

d. Impoundments (a)(2): [N/A](#)

e. Tributaries (a)(3): [N/A](#)

f. Adjacent Wetlands (a)(4): [N/A](#)

g. Additional Waters (a)(5): [N/A](#)

8. NON-JURISDICTIONAL AQUATIC RESOURCES AND FEATURES

a. Describe aquatic resources and other features within the review area identified in the 2023 Rule as amended as not "waters of the United States" even where they otherwise meet the terms of paragraphs (a)(2) through (5). Include the type of excluded aquatic resource or feature, the size of the aquatic resource or feature within the review area and describe how it was determined to meet one of the exclusions listed in 33 CFR 328.3(b).⁷

[N/A](#)

⁷ 88 FR 3004 (January 18, 2023)

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- b. Describe aquatic resources and features within the review area that were determined to be non-jurisdictional because they do not meet one or more categories of waters of the United States under the 2023 Rule as amended (e.g., tributaries that are non-relatively permanent waters; non-tidal wetlands that do not have a continuous surface connection to a jurisdictional water).

Wetland A (approximately 0.11 acres), Wetland K (approximately 0.18 acres), Wetland D (approximately 0.09 acres), Wetland I (approximately 0.30 acres), Wetland E (approximately 0.04 acres), Wetland H (approximately 0.03 acres), Wetland R (approximately 0.08 acres), Wetland L (approximately 0.50 acres), Wetland Q (approximately 0.10 acres), Wetland M (approximately 0.03 acres), and Wetland P (approximately 0.02 acres) are depressional basins that are non-jurisdictional. The wetlands can be seen on the figures labeled MVP-2025-01030-PJH AJD Pages 3 through 6. The wetlands are not Traditional Navigable Waters (TNWs), territorial seas, or interstate waters, therefore, are not (a)(1) waters. The wetlands do not physically abut relatively permanent (a)(2) impoundments or jurisdictional (a)(3) tributaries. The closest tributaries to the subject aquatic resources include Rush Brook and Home Brook. Rush Brook is located approximately 0.42 miles west of Wetland K. Home Brook is located approximately 0.27 miles southeast of Wetland D. The subject aquatic resources do not have a continuous surface connection (CSC) to Rush Brook, Home Brook, or any other jurisdictional waters. The wetlands are non-tidal wetlands that do not have a CSC to relatively permanent jurisdictional waters, and as such do not meet the definition of adjacent and cannot be evaluated as (a)(4) adjacent wetlands; therefore, they are not jurisdictional under the 2023 Revised Definition of 'Waters of the United States'; Conforming" 88 FR 61964 Final Rule.

9. DATA SOURCES. List sources of data/information used in making determination. Include titles and dates of sources used and ensure that information referenced is available in the administrative record.
 - a. Office evaluations were conducted October 20, 2025 – January 6, 2026.
 - b. Wetland Delineation Report County Road 107 Project dated September 11, 2025.
 - c. Aerial Imagery: Google Earth Pro, MN NAIP 2019, MN NAIP-2019-CIR
 - d. LiDAR: MNDNR Hillshade – 2016, 3DEP Hillshade
 - e. 3DEP Digital Elevation Model (DEM), 3DEP Slope, MN Contours – 2ft

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- f. [National Wetland Inventory \(NWI\)](#), [National Hydrography Dataset \(NHD\)](#)

10. OTHER SUPPORTING INFORMATION.

[The applicant intends to reconstruct portions of County Road \(CR\) 107 to address deteriorating conditions and meet the needs of existing and anticipated traffic. The proposed project would impact aquatic resources within the AJD review areas.](#)

- 11. NOTE: The structure and format of this MFR were developed in coordination with the EPA and Department of the Army. The MFR's structure and format may be subject to future modification or may be rescinded as needed to implement additional guidance from the agencies; however, the approved jurisdictional determination described herein is a final agency action.

Figure 3: 1:24,000 USGS Topographical Map

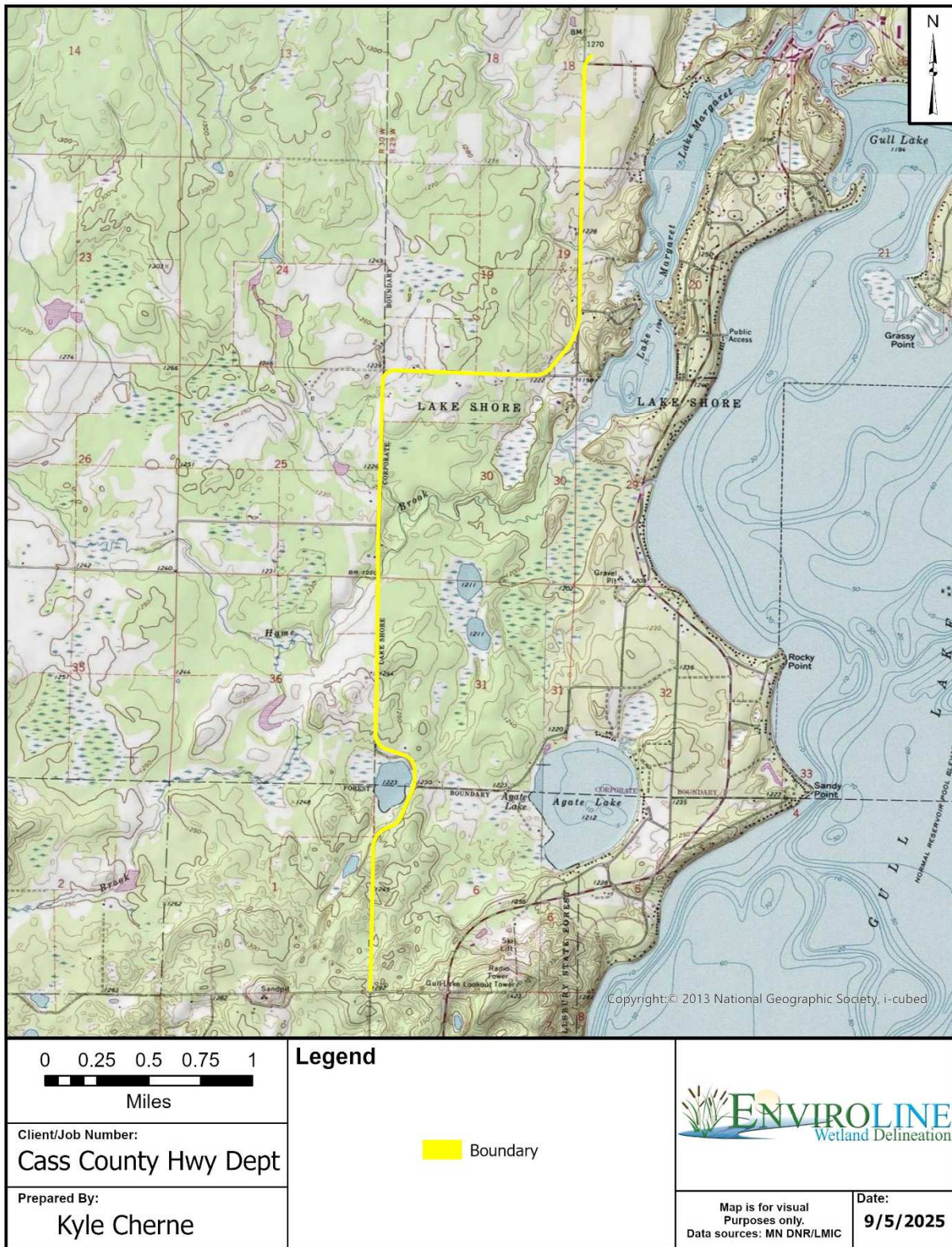


Figure 8: Wetland Location Maps

